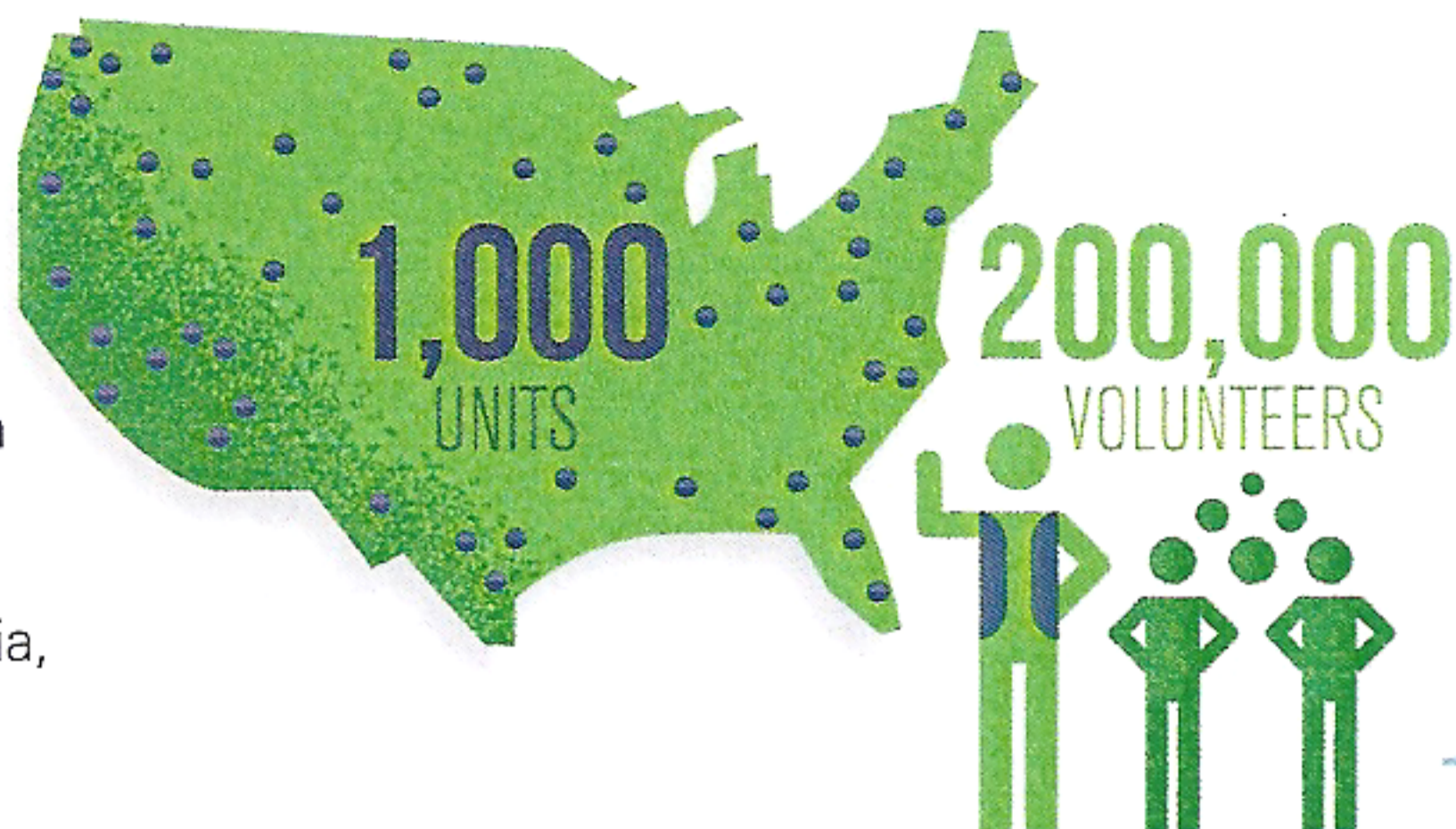
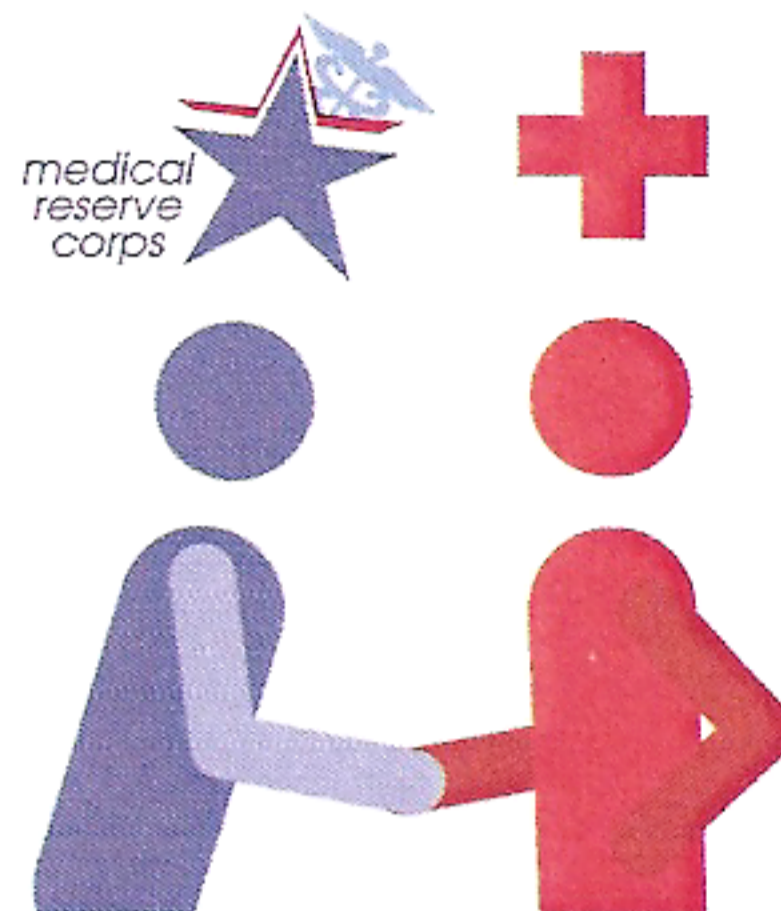


TODAY Nearly 200,000 MRC volunteers among over 1,000 units nationwide, including Washington, DC, Guam, US Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, Federal States of Micronesia, and Puerto Rico.



15 YEAR ANNIVERSARY

2016 MRC units prepare for and support Zika response. In Puerto Rico, which declared a public health emergency, over 140 MRC volunteers participate in community education and outreach efforts, reaching about 17,000 individuals.

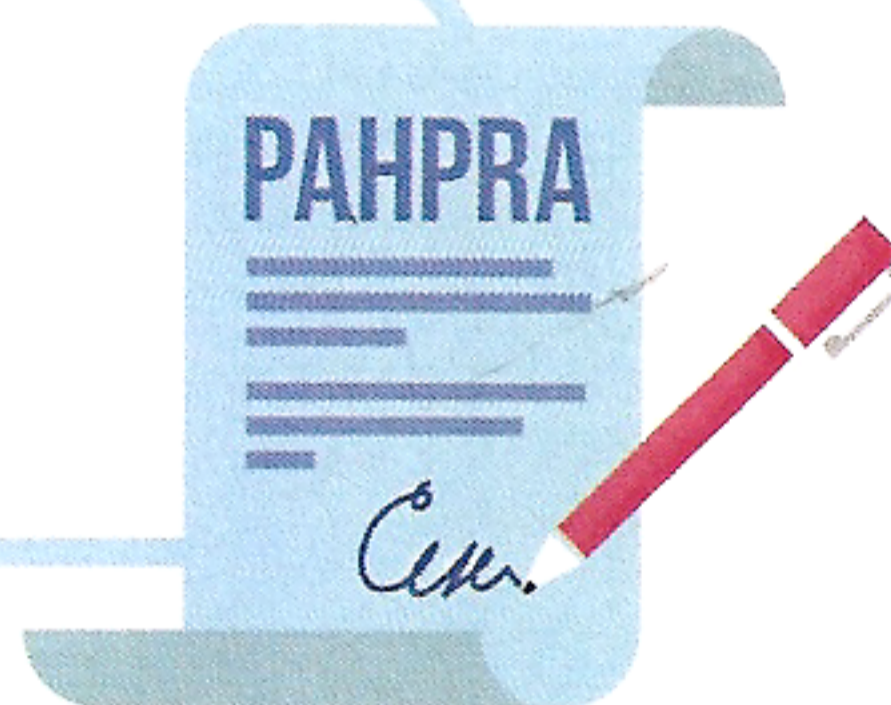


2017 Formal Letter of Agreement established between the American National Red Cross and the MRC Program, thereby reauthorizing the collaboration between the two organizations to better prepare communities to withstand and recover from disasters.

2015 More than 300 MRC volunteers from 20 MRC units supported local efforts during the Papal Visit. These volunteers provided medical care and other assistance at aid stations, tents, and other venues in Washington, DC, New York City, Philadelphia, and Camden, NJ.



2014 During the domestic Ebola response, 169 MRC units donate more than 14,000 hours across 180 Ebola-related activities (e.g. suspect-case screening support, Ebola-related health education, staffing call centers, providing general surveillance support).



2013 Congress passes the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Reauthorization Act (PAHPRA), which continues authorization for MRC, but moves authority and responsibility to the Department of Health and Human Services' Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR). MOU allows for continuation of operations within OSG and strategic oversight by ASPR.

2012 The Waldo Canyon Fire, one of the most destructive in Colorado history, burns for a month in late June 2012. The MRC of El Paso County responds by donating 1,644 hours of volunteer service.



2012 New York's and New Jersey's health department call on the MRC in the wake of Hurricane Sandy. MRC volunteers serve more than 36,000 hours in response.